## Problem D. Composite Sequence

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 1 second |
| Memory limit: | 256 mebibytes |

A sequence $S$ of positive integers is a composite sequence if and only if there is a non-empty subsequence $T$ of $S$ such that the sum of all integers in $T$ is a composite number.
Given $S$, your task is to check whether $S$ is a composite sequence.
Note that 1 is not a composite number.
Recall that $T$ is a subsequence of $S$ if and only if we can obtain $T$ by removing some elements of $S$ (possibly none or all).

## Input

The first line contains a single integer $n\left(1 \leq n \leq 10^{5}\right)$, the size of $S$.
The second line contains $n$ integers $S_{1}, S_{2}, \ldots, S_{n}$ : the elements of $S\left(1 \leq S_{i} \leq 10^{9}\right)$.

## Output

If $S$ is a composite sequence, output "Yes". Otherwise, output "No".

## Examples

|  | standard input | standard output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Yes |  |
| 57 | No |  |
| 1 |  |  |
| 97 |  |  |

