Problem G. Cube Dividing

Input file:	standard input
Output file:	standard output
Time limit:	2 seconds
Memory limit:	512 mebibytes

Pablo Cubarson is a well-known cubism artist. He is producing a new piece of work using a cuboid which consists of $A \times B \times C$ unit cubes. He plans to make a beautiful shape by removing N units cubes from the cuboid. When he is about to begin the work, he has noticed that by the removal the cuboid may be divided into several parts disconnected to each other. It is against his aesthetics to divide a cuboid. So he wants to know how many parts are created in his plan.

Your task is to calculate the number of connected components in the cuboid after removing the N cubes. Two cubes are connected if they share one face.

Input

The first line of the input contains four integers A, B, C and N. A, B and C $(1 \le A, B, C \le 10^6)$ denote the size of the cuboid — the cuboid has an A unit width from left to right and a B unit height from bottom to top, and a C unit depth from front to back. N $(0 \le N \le 2 \cdot 10^4, N \le A \times B \times C - 1)$ denotes the number of the cubes removed in the Cubarson's plan. Each of the following N lines contains three integers X_i $(0 \le X_i \le A - 1)$, Y_i $(0 \le Y_i \le B - 1)$ and Z_i $(0 \le Z_i \le C - 1)$. They denote that the cube located at the X_i -th position from the left, the Y_i -th from the bottom and the Z_i -th from the front will be removed in the plan. You may assume the given positions are distinct.

Output

Print the number of the connected components in the cuboid after removing the specified cubes.

Examples

standard input	standard output
2 2 2 4	4
0 0 0	
1 1 0	
1 0 1	
0 1 1	
3 3 3 1	1
1 1 1	
1 1 3 2	1
0 0 0	
0 0 2	