







Problem 7: Debug

Seán is trying to debug a piece of his code. First he creates an array of **N** integers and fills it with zeros. Then he repeatedly calls the following procedure which he has written in C++:

```
void something( int jump ) {
    int i = 0;
    while( i < N ) {
        seq[i] = seq[i] + 1;
        i = i + jump;
    }
}</pre>
```

As you can see, this procedure increases by one all elements in the array whose indices are divisible by jump.

Seán calls the procedure exactly **K** times, using the sequence $X_1 X_2 X_3 \dots X_k$ as arguments.

After this, Seán has a list of **Q** special parts of the array he needs to check to verify that his code is working as it should be. Each of this parts is defined by two numbers, **L** and **R** ($L \le R$) the left and right bound of the special part. To check the code, Seán must compute the sum of all elements of seq between and including **L** and **R**. In other words seq[**L**] + seq[**L**+1] + seq[**L**+2] + ... + seq[**R**]. Since he needs to know the answer in advance in order to check it, he asked you to help him.

Input

The first line of input contains two integers, **N** ($1 \le N \le 10^6$), size of the array, and **K** ($1 \le K \le 10^6$), number of calls to something Seán makes. The second line contains **K** integers: **X**₁ **X**₂ **X**₃ ... **X**_k, arguments passed to the procedure. ($1 \le X_i < N$).

Next line contains one integer **Q** ($1 \le \mathbf{Q} \le 10^6$), number of special parts of the array Seán needs to check.

Next **Q** lines contain two integers each \mathbf{L}_i and \mathbf{R}_i ($0 \le \mathbf{L}_i \le \mathbf{R}_i < \mathbf{N}$), bounds of each special part.





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Output

The output should contain exactly **Q** lines. The *i*th line should contain the sum of the elements $seq[L_i] + seq[L_i + 1] + seq[L_i + 2] + ... + seq[R_i]$.

Examples

Input Example 1	Input Example 2	Input Example 3
10 4 1 1 2 1 3 0 9 2 6 7 7	11 3 3 7 10 3 0 10 2 6 7 7	1000000 6 12 3 21 436 2 19 2 12 16124 692 29021
Output Example 1	Output Example 2	Output Example 3
35 18 3	8 2 1	16422 28874

Example 1 description: The procedure is called with arguments 1, 1, 2, 1. After that the array contains values $\{4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3\}$. Sum of indices 2 to 6 (inclusive) is 4+3+4+3+4 = 18.

Example 2 description: After the procedure calls, the array is {3, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1}.

