## Problem E. Paimon Segment Tree

Paimon just learns the persistent segment tree and decides to practice immediately. Therefore, Lumine gives her an easy problem to start:
Given a sequence $a_{1}, a_{2}, \cdots, a_{n}$ of length $n$, Lumine will apply $m$ modifications to the sequence. In the $i$-th modification, indicated by three integers $l_{i}, r_{i}\left(1 \leq l_{i} \leq r_{i} \leq n\right)$ and $x_{i}$, Lumine will change $a_{k}$ to $\left(a_{k}+x_{i}\right)$ for all $l_{i} \leq k \leq r_{i}$.
Let $a_{i, t}$ be the value of $a_{i}$ just after the $t$-th operation. This way we can keep track of all historial versions of $a_{i}$. Note that $a_{i, t}$ might be the same as $a_{i, t-1}$ if it hasn't been modified in the $t$-th modification. For completeness we also define $a_{i, 0}$ as the initial value of $a_{i}$.
After all modifications have been applied, Lumine will give Paimon $q$ queries about the sum of squares among the historical values. The $k$-th query is indicated by four integers $l_{k}, r_{k}, x_{k}$ and $y_{k}$ and requires Paimon to calculate

$$
\sum_{i=l_{k}}^{r_{k}} \sum_{j=x_{k}}^{y_{k}} a_{i, j}^{2}
$$

Please help Paimon compute the result for all queries. As the answer might be very large, please output the answer modulo $10^{9}+7$.

## Input

There is only one test case in each test file.
The first line of the input contains three integers $n, m$ and $q\left(1 \leq n, m, q \leq 5 \times 10^{4}\right)$ indicating the length of the sequence, the number of modifications and the number of queries.
The second line contains $n$ integers $a_{1}, a_{2}, \cdots, a_{n}\left(\left|a_{i}\right|<10^{9}+7\right)$ indicating the initial sequence.
For the following $m$ lines, the $i$-th line contains three integers $l_{i}, r_{i}$ and $x_{i}\left(1 \leq l_{i} \leq r_{i} \leq n,\left|x_{i}\right|<10^{9}+7\right)$ indicating the $i$-th modification.
For the following $q$ lines, the $i$-th line contains four integers $l_{i}, r_{i}, x_{i}$ and $y_{i}\left(1 \leq l_{i} \leq r_{i} \leq n\right.$, $0 \leq x_{i} \leq y_{i} \leq m$ ) indicating the $i$-th query.

## Output

For each query output one line containing one integer indicating the answer modulo $10^{9}+7$.

## Examples

|  |  | standard input |  | standard output |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 8 | 1 | 6 |  |  |  |
| 2 | 3 | 2 |  | 180 |  |
| 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |  | 825 |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | 8 |  |  |
| 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | 6 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 3 | 6 |  |  |  |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |  |  |
| 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 |  |  |
| 4 | 4 | 2 | 3 |  |  |

