## Problem C. Boxes and Balls

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 1 second |
| Memory limit: | 512 mebibytes |

There are $M$ boxes and $N$ balls. The balls are numbered 1 through $N$, and the weight of the ball $i$ is $w_{i}$. You are also given a sequence $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{K}$. Each $a_{j}$ is an integer satisfying $1 \leq a_{j} \leq N$.
Initially, all the boxes are empty. For each $j=1,2, \ldots, K$ in this order, you have to perform the following operation:

- If one of the boxes contains the ball $a_{j}$, you do nothing. There is no cost for this operation.
- Otherwise, you choose one of the boxes and put the ball $a_{j}$ into the chosen box. However, if the chosen box already contains another ball, you should take that ball out of the box. The cost for this operation is $w_{a_{j}}$ (the cost doesn't depend on the box nor the ball you take out of the box).

Compute the minimum possible total cost of operations.

## Input

The first line contains three integers $M, N$ and $K\left(1 \leq M \leq 10,1 \leq N, K \leq 10^{4}\right)$.
The $i$-th of the next $N$ lines contains an integer $w_{i}\left(1 \leq w_{i} \leq 10^{4}\right)$.
The $j$-th of the next $K$ lines contains an integer $a_{j}\left(1 \leq a_{j} \leq N\right)$.

## Output

Print the minimum total cost.

## Examples

| standard input | standard output |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll} 3 & 3 \\ 10 & 6 \\ 20 & \\ 30 & \\ 1 & \\ 2 & \\ 3 & \\ 1 & \\ 2 & \\ 3 & \end{array}$ | $60$ |
| 2 3 6 <br> 10   <br> 20   <br> 30   <br> 1   <br> 2   <br> 3   <br> 1   <br> 2   <br> 3   | $80$ |

