## Impossible Numbers

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Input file: } & \text { standard input } \\ \text { Output file: } & \text { standard output } \\ \text { Time limit: } & 5 \text { seconds } \\ \text { Memory limit: } & 256 \text { megabytes }\end{array}$
You have received a calendar cube for your birthday! Fascinated by the fact that each day of the month could be constructed by using the two cubes in a specific orientation, you got an idea. You ordered $n$ cubes online. Each cube has some digit written on each of its six faces. Digits may repeat within a cube.


Two number cubes forming the number 25.

Your curious mind begins to wonder: what are the $k$ smallest numbers that cannot be obtained by using some of the $n$ cubes in a specific orientation? Numbers must not contain leading zeros. Note that you can choose to not use some cube if you don't want to.

## Input

The first line of the input contains two integers $n$ and $k\left(1 \leq n \leq 100,1 \leq k \leq 10^{5}\right)$.
Each of the following $n$ lines contains exactly six numbers between 0 and 9 inclusively, representing the digits written on each of the six faces of the cubes.

## Output

Output the smallest $k$ positive numbers that cannot be obtained using the cubes, separated by space. The numbers must not contain leading zeros, and must be sorted in increasing order.

## Examples

| standard input | standard output |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{lllllll} 2 & 3 & & & & \\ 1 & 8 & 7 & 0 & 6 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 & 4 & 9 & 3 \end{array}$ | 333435 |
| $\begin{array}{lllll} \hline 1 & 10 & & & \\ 1 & 5 & 2 & 2 & 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}3 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 131415\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{lllllll} \hline 4 & 10 & & & \\ 1 & 5 & 7 & 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 8 & 9 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 & 2 & 2 & 7 & 8 \\ 6 & 1 & 7 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$ | 336699133166199233266299303 |

