(hacotomatain

## Problem C. Wandering

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 1 second |
| Memory limit: | 256 mebibytes |

Rikka is a talented student.
She likes to wander in the corridor while solving ICPC problems. Specifically, she will do a random walk for $n$ steps. In the $i$-th random step, she will choose one of the vectors $(x, y)$ such that $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ and $x^{2}+y^{2} \leq R_{i}^{2}$ with equal probability. And then she will walk along the vector. In other words, if she stood at ( $A, B$ ) before the random step, she will stand at $(A+x, B+y)$ afterwards. Before wandering, she stands at the door $(0,0)$.

After wandering, she was curious about the expectation of the square of Euclidean distance to point $(0,0)$. In other words, she wants to know the expected value of $x^{2}+y^{2}$, if she stands at $(x, y)$ after all $n$ random steps.

## Input

The first line contains an integer $n$, the number of random steps.
The second line contains $n$ positive integers $R_{i}$, the parameter of the $i$-th random step.
It is guaranteed that $1 \leq n \leq 50000$ and $1 \leq R_{i} \leq 1000$.

## Output

You need to output $d$, the expected value of $x^{2}+y^{2}$. Assuming the correct result is $d^{*}$, you need to ensure that $\frac{\left|d-d^{*}\right|}{\max \left\{d^{*}, 1\right\}} \leq 10^{-6}$.

## Example

| standard input | standard output |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 3 |

