## Problem J. Miner

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 1 second |
| Memory limit: | 256 mebibytes |

There are $n$ different minerals in a mine cave. The mine cave can be regarded as a coordinate axis, and the $i$-th mineral can be mined from any position in range $\left[l_{i}, r_{i}\right]$.
You are a miner in this mine cave. On each day, the foreman gives you a task of mining minerals. A task is a non-empty set of different minerals (there are $2^{n}-1$ different tasks), and your goal is to collect all minerals in this set.
There are $m$ safe positions $a_{i}$ in the mine cave. A task is easy if and only if you can select a safe position $a_{p}$ and find all required minerals there.
Now, you want to count the number of easy tasks.

## Input

The first line contains two integers $n$ and $m\left(1 \leq n, m \leq 10^{5}\right)$.
Then $n$ lines follow. Each of them contains two integers $l_{i}$ and $r_{i}\left(1 \leq l_{i} \leq r_{i} \leq 10^{9}\right)$.
Then $m$ lines follow. Each of them contains a single integer $a_{i}\left(1 \leq a_{i} \leq 10^{9}\right)$.

## Output

Output a single line with a single integer: the number of easy tasks modulo 998244353.

## Example

|  | standard input |  | standard output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 2 | 5 |  |
| 7 | 11 | 5 |  |
| 3 | 8 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |

