



Problem E

Double Password

Time Limit: 1 Second(s)

A computer at ICPC headquarters is protected by a four-digit password—in order to log in, you normally need to guess the four digits exactly. However, the programmer who implemented the password check left a backdoor in the computer—there is a second four-digit password. If the programmer enters a four-digit sequence, and for each digit position the digit entered matches at least one of the two passwords in that same position, then that four-digit sequence will log the programmer into the computer.

Given the two passwords, count the number of distinct four-digit sequences that can be entered to log into the computer.

Input

The input consists of exactly two lines. Each of the two lines contains a string s ($|s| = 4, s \in \{0-9\}^*$). These are the two passwords.

Output

Output a single integer, which is the number of distinct four-digit sequences that will log the programmer into the system.

Sample Input 1

```
1111
1234
```

Sample Output 1

```
8
```

Sample Input 2

```
2718
2718
```

Sample Output 2

```
1
```