

## Problem G. Weighted Beautiful Tree

Input file: standard input  
 Output file: standard output

A tree is a connected graph with  $n$  nodes and  $n - 1$  edges.

You are given a weighted tree with  $n$  nodes. The  $i$ -th node has a weight of  $wn_i$  and a cost of  $c_i$ . The  $i$ -th edge connecting node  $u_i$  and  $v_i$  has a weight of  $we_i$ . The edge is called beautiful if and only if it meets  $\min(wn_{u_i}, wn_{v_i}) \leq we_i \leq \max(wn_{u_i}, wn_{v_i})$ .

You can do the following operation several times.

- Choose a node  $u$ , then change its weight  $wn_u$  into  $wn'_u$ . The total cost adds  $c_u |wn_u - wn'_u|$ .

What is the minimum total cost to make all edges beautiful?

### Input

The first line contains an integer  $T$ , denoting the number of test cases.

For each test case, the input format is as follows:

```

n
c1      c2      c3      ...   cn
wn1     wn2     wn3     ...   wn_n
u1      v1      we1
u2      v2      we2
⋮       ⋮       ⋮
u_{n-1} v_{n-1} we_{n-1}
```

It is guaranteed that:

- $1 \leq T \leq 10^3$
- $1 \leq n \leq 10^5, \sum n \leq 10^6$
- $1 \leq c_i, wn_i, we_i \leq 10^6$

### Output

For each test case, output an integer in a single line, denoting the minimum total cost.

### Example

standard input	standard output
2	3
3	2
2 1 2	
9 9 10	
1 2 10	
1 3 11	
3	
1 1 2	
9 9 10	
1 2 10	
1 3 11	