## Problem C. The Most Expensive Gift

Input file:
Output file:
Time limit:
Memory limit:
standard input
standard output
1 second
256 mebibytes

Zenyk wants to make the best gift in the world for Marichka. He is visiting a gift shop and wants to buy the most expensive one.
But this is not a typical store, they have only string $S$ consisting of letters 'a', 'b' and 'c'. Zenyk can choose any subsequence of this string as a gift. Subsequence $T$ is a string that can be derived from $S$ by deleting some (possible none) letters without changing the order of the remaining letters. Price of subsequence $T$ equals $\frac{l e n_{T}^{2}}{c_{T}}$, where $l e n_{T}$ is the length of subsequence $T$ and $c_{T}$ is the length of the smallest cycle of $T$.
String $R$ is the cycle of string $T$ if

- length $(R)$ is a divisor of length $(T)$.
- $R_{i \% \text { length }(R)}=T_{i}$ for all $i \in[0$, length $(T)-1]$ (indexing from 0$)$.

Help Zenyk to find the most expensive gift.

## Input

The first line of the input contains one integer $N$, which denotes the length of the string $S\left(1 \leq N \leq 10^{4}\right)$. Second line contains string $S$ consisting of letters ' a ', ' b ' and ' $c$ '.

## Output

Print one integer - the price of the most expensive gift.

## Example

| standard input | standard output |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11 <br> abcabacbcac | 18 |

## Note

One of the most expensive subsequences is "ababab". It's length equals 6 and length of the smallest cycle equals 2. So price of this subsequence equals $\frac{6^{2}}{2}=18$. There are another subsequences with the same price.

