Problem A. Rikka with Nice Counting Striking Back

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output

Time limit: 8 seconds

Memory limit: 1024 megabytes

As we know, Yuta is poor at counting numbers. Rikka is worrying about this situation, so she gives Yuta some counting tasks to practice. Here is one of them:

In computer programming, a string is traditionally a sequence of characters and a substring of a string is a contiguous sequence of characters within the string. For instance, snowball is a string, now is a substring of snowball and bow is not a substring of snowball. Moreover, the concatenation of two strings U and V is named as UV, that is, if U is snow and V is ball, then UV is snowball.

Rikka has a string S of length n and she wants Yuta to count how many distinct nice strings in total. Here, she calls a non-empty string T nice if

- T is a substring of S; and
- TP is not a substring of S for any non-empty string P meeting the condition that TP and PT are the same string.

It is too difficult for Yuta. Can you help him?

Input

The input contains several test cases, and the first line contains a single integer T ($1 \le T \le 1000$), the number of test cases.

For each test case, the only line contains a single string S of length n ($1 \le n \le 2 \times 10^5$) with only lowercase letters

The input guarantees that the sum of n in all test cases is at most 5×10^6 .

Output

For each test case, output a single line with a single integer, the answer.

Example

standard input	standard output
6	500
rikkasuggeststoallthecontestants	679
thisisaproblemdesignedforgrandmasters	244
ifyoudidnotachievethat	290
youdbetterskiptheproblem	132
wishyouahighrank	163
enjoytheexperience	