J: Jail or Joyride
Problem Author: Reinier Schmiermann

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Statistics: 5 submissions, 0 accepted, 2 unknown

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■ Observation 1: If the police can approach the teenagers via multiple edges, then the teenagers can always reach every vertex in the graph.

- In particular: the approach direction of the police does not matter.
- The police should always take the shortest path.

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- In particular: the approach direction of the police does not matter.
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■ Observation 2: If the police can approach the teenagers via only one edge, then either the teenagers are in a leaf, or they are not as far away as possible from the police.

- Second case only happens at the start.
- After this, the teenagers can always either reach the whole graph, or nothing at all.

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■ After the first approach of the police, the teenagers can always either reach the whole graph, or nothing.

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■ For every vertex which is not a leaf: find all vertices which are as far away as possible (use APSP).
■ Use DFS on this new directed graph to compute for every vertex $v$ the maximal distance the police needs to travel after approaching the teenagers in $v$.

- If there is a reachable cycle in this new graph, the police cannot catch the teenagers.

