## Problem

A connected graph is to be split into multiple connected components by a non-self-intersecting path. The components are then to be distributed into two groups A and B such that the number of nodes in both groups are the same.

Find a path and distribution that satisfy these requirements.

## Solution

- Assign each node to group A.
- Run a Depth-First-Search starting at any node.
- Whenever the DFS visits a new node N, remove N from A and add it to the path.
- Whenever the DFS backtracks from node  $N^*$ , remove  $N^*$  from the path and add it to B.
- Repeat until |A| = |B|.
- The DFS guarantees that A and B never have neighbouring nodes.