



Problem I. Stirling Number

Input file:	standard input
Output file:	standard output
Time limit:	9 seconds
Memory limit:	256 mebibytes

The Stirling number of the first kind $\begin{bmatrix} n \\ k \end{bmatrix}$ is the number of permutations of n elements with exactly k disjoint cycles. The well-known recurrence relation is defined as follows:

$$\begin{bmatrix} n+1\\k \end{bmatrix} = n \begin{bmatrix} n\\k \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} n\\k-1 \end{bmatrix}$$

for k > 0, with the initial conditions

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0\\0 \end{bmatrix} = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad \begin{bmatrix} n\\0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\n \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

for n > 0.

Given four integers, n, l, r, and p, find the value of

$$\left(\sum_{k=l}^{r} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ k \end{bmatrix}\right) \bmod p$$

where p is prime.

Input

The first line contains four integers, n, l, r, and p $(1 \le n \le 10^{18}, 0 \le l \le r \le n, 2 \le p \le 10^6, p \text{ is prime}).$

Output

Output an integer denoting the answer.

Examples

standard input	standard output
4 1 4 5	4
6 5 5 29	15
1000 685 975 999983	482808