



Problem C. Parity Sort

Input file:	standard	input
Output file:	standard	output
Time limit:	2 seconds	
Memory limit:	512 mebib	ytes

You have a permutation P of length n. In this problem, elements of the permutation are integers from 0 to n-1. Your task is to perform the following operation up to 30 times to sort P in ascending order.

The operation is defined by two parameters: an integer t denoting the mode of operation $(0 \le t \le 1)$ and a string S of length n, consisting of 0s and 1s.

At the start of the process, we have two empty sequences, A and B.

Next, for each i from 1 to n, we repeat the following step:

- If $S_i = 0$, do nothing.
- If $S_i = 1$: if P_i is even, add P_i to the end of sequence A, otherwise add P_i to the end of sequence B.

If t = 0, sequence C is the concatenation of sequence A and sequence B in that order.

If t = 1, sequence C is the concatenation of sequence B and sequence A in that order.

Next, for each i from 1 to n, we repeat the following step:

- If $S_i = 0$, do nothing.
- If $S_i = 1$, replace P_i with the first element of C and erase the first element of C.

For example, if n = 7, $P = \{0, 4, 2, 3, 6, 5, 1\}$ and we choose t = 1 and S = 1101101, the process is shown on the picture below.



Input

The first line of the input contains one integer n $(1 \le n \le 15000)$. The second line contains n integers P_i $(0 \le P_i \le n-1, P_i \ne P_j \text{ if } i \ne j)$.

Output

Print one of the possible sorting sequences in the following format:

On the first line, print one integer k: the number of operations $(0 \le k \le 30)$.

The *i*-th of the following k lines shall describe the *i*-th operation and contain integer t_i $(0 \le t_i \le 1)$ and binary string S of length n.

If there is more than one such sequence, choose any one of them. Note that you don't need to minimize k.





Example

standard input	standard output	
7	1	
0 4 2 3 6 5 1	1 0100101	