## Problem K. Kilk

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 2 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 512 mebibytes |

Find the number of strings consisting of $x$ letters ' $a$ ' and $y$ letters ' $b$ ' that have the length of their longest substring consisting of equal letters as small as possible under these conditions, and display it modulo 998244353.

## Input

The first line contains a single integer $t\left(1 \leq t \leq 10^{5}\right)$, denoting the number of test cases.
Each of the next $t$ lines describes one test case and contains two integers $x$ and $y(1 \leq x, y \leq 2000)$.

## Output

For each test case, display the required number.

## Example

| standard input |  | standard output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 4 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 1 |
| 7 | 7 | 2 |
| 9 | 3 | 20 |
| 239 | 58 | 868098448 |

## Note

In the first test case, the strings are abbabb, bababb, babbab, bbaabb, bbabab, bbabba. In each of these strings, the length of the longest substring consisting of equal letters is 2 , and there are no strings consisting of 2 letters ' $a$ ' and 4 letters 'b' with a smaller value.

