



Problem B. Bunch of Paper

Input file:	standard input
Output file:	standard output
Time limit:	2 seconds
Memory limit:	512 mebibytes

There are N sheets of paper, enumerated by sequential integers from 1 to N. Each sheet has K integers written on it, so *i*-th sheet contains the integers $v_{i,1}, v_{i,2}, \ldots, v_{i,K}$.

Then we choose one integer from each sheet and create the sequence a_i , where *i*-th integer is chosen from *i*-th sheet of paper. There are K^N ways to make such a sequence. How many of them are non-decreasing? A sequence is non-decreasing if $a_i \leq a_{i+1}$ for all $1 \leq i \leq N-1$.

The answer may be too large, so print it modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Input

The first line of the input contains two integers N and K $(1 \le N \le 100, 1 \le K \le 10^4)$. The *i*-th of the following N lines contains K integers $v_{i,1}, v_{i,2}, \ldots, v_{i,K}$ $(1 \le v_{i,1} < v_{i,2} < \ldots < v_{i,K} \le 10^9)$.

Output

Print the number of non-decreasing sequences, modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Examples

standard input	standard output
2 2	2
2 4	
1 5	
2 3	0
4 5 6	
1 2 3	