## Problem B. Bunch of Paper

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 2 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 512 mebibytes |

There are $N$ sheets of paper, enumerated by sequential integers from 1 to $N$. Each sheet has $K$ integers written on it, so $i$-th sheet contains the integers $v_{i, 1}, v_{i, 2}, \ldots, v_{i, K}$.

Then we choose one integer from each sheet and create the sequence $a_{i}$, where $i$-th integer is chosen from $i$-th sheet of paper. There are $K^{N}$ ways to make such a sequence. How many of them are non-decreasing? A sequence is non-decreasing if $a_{i} \leq a_{i+1}$ for all $1 \leq i \leq N-1$.
The answer may be too large, so print it modulo $10^{9}+7$.

## Input

The first line of the input contains two integers $N$ and $K\left(1 \leq N \leq 100,1 \leq K \leq 10^{4}\right)$. The $i$-th of the following $N$ lines contains $K$ integers $v_{i, 1}, v_{i, 2}, \ldots, v_{i, K}\left(1 \leq v_{i, 1}<v_{i, 2}<\ldots<v_{i, K} \leq 10^{9}\right)$.

## Output

Print the number of non-decreasing sequences, modulo $10^{9}+7$.

## Examples

|  | standard input | standard output |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| 2 | 4 |  |  |
| 1 | 5 | 0 |  |
| 2 | 3 | 6 |  |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 3 |

