



# Problem M. Math

| Input file:   | standard input  |
|---------------|-----------------|
| Output file:  | standard output |
| Time limit:   | 2 seconds       |
| Memory limit: | 512 mebibytes   |

You are given an array a of n distinct positive integers. Find the number of pairs (i, j) with  $1 \le i, j \le n$  for which the number  $a_i^2 + a_j$  is a square of an integer.

#### Input

The first line of the input contains a single integer n  $(1 \le n \le 10^6)$ , the size of the array.

The second line of the input contains n distinct positive integers  $a_1, \ldots, a_n$   $(1 \le a_i \le 10^6)$ .

## Output

Output a single integer: the answer to the problem.

### Example

| standard input | standard output |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 5<br>1 2 3 4 5 | 2               |
|                |                 |

## Note

In the example, there are two such pairs, corresponding to  $1^2 + 3 = 4 = 2^2$  and  $2^2 + 5 = 9 = 3^2$ .