

Div A Contest 4: The Korean Contest, Friday, November 26, 2021





Problem J. Squid Game

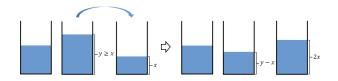
Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output

Time limit: 2 seconds

Memory limit: 1024 mebibytes

You are one of the 456 players participating in a series of children's games with deadly penalties. Passing through a number of maze-like hallways and stairways, you have opened the gate of the next game. There are three buckets with infinite capacity, each of which contains an integral number of liters of water. The buckets are numbered from 1 to 3. The amounts of water initially contained in buckets 1, 2, and 3 are given as X, Y, and Z, respectively.

At any time, you can double the amount of one bucket by pouring into it from another one. Specifically, you can pour from a bucket of y liters into one of $x (\leq y)$ liters until the latter contains 2x liters and the former does y - x liters. Note that x and y are always integers and $x \leq y$. See the figure below.



In order to survive, you have to empty one of the buckets in a limited number of pouring. Fortunately, it is always possible to empty one of the buckets. Given the initial amounts X, Y, and Z of water in three buckets, write a program to output a sequence of pouring until one of the buckets is empty for the first time.

Input

Your program is to read from standard input. The input starts with a line containing three integers X, Y, and Z ($1 \le X \le Y \le Z \le 10^9$), representing the initial amounts of water in buckets 1, 2, and 3, respectively.

Output

Your program is to write to standard output. The first line should contain the number m of pouring until one of the buckets is empty for the first time. The number m should be no more than 1,000. Each of the following m lines contains two integers A and B ($1 \le A \ne B \le 3$), which means you pour from bucket A into bucket B in a process of pouring. You should guarantee that one of buckets is empty for the first time after the m pouring. If there are several ways to empty one of the buckets, then print one of them.

Examples

standard input	standard output
1 2 3	2
	3 2
	3 1
1 4 6	3
	2 1
	3 1
	1 3