## Problem A. Mutant Vaccine

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 2 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 256 megabytes |

Dr. Icey Peacie is working on a vaccine for Covid-19. One difficulty with vaccines is that viruses mutate, so there are many different strains circulating. Dr. Peacie wants the vaccine to target a part of the genetic sequence of the virus that all the strains have in common. Can you find the longest piece of RNA that occurs in all of the strains?

## Input

The first line of input contains an integer $N$, the number of strains of the virus, with $1 \leq N \leq 100$. The next $N$ lines each contain the genetic sequence of a strain of the virus, a string of the letters A, C, G, and T. Each string has length between 1 and 10000 .

## Output

Output a single line containing the longest string that occurs as a substring of all of the strains. If there is more than one such longest string, output the one that occurs earliest in the first strain.

## Examples

| standard input | standard output |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | AC |
| GACCAT |  |
| CACAT |  |
| 4 |  |
| ACG |  |
| ACGT |  |
| ACGT | AGGA |
| TTTT |  |
| 2 |  |
| AGGAGAAG |  |

