## Problem E. Evil Subsequence

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 3 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 512 mebibytes |



The problem setter of Div7E should stop creating problems.
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It's just a problem to waste your time.
You are given two sequences $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{n}$ and $b_{1}, b_{2}, \ldots, b_{m}$.
Two sequences $\left(x_{1}, x_{2}, \ldots, x_{p}\right)$ and $\left(y_{1}, y_{2}, \ldots, y_{q}\right)$ match iff $p=q$ and $x_{i}=x_{j} \Leftrightarrow y_{i}=y_{j}$ for every possible pair $1 \leq i, j \leq p$.
Output the number of subsequences of $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{n}$ that match $b_{1}, b_{2}, \ldots, b_{m}$.

## Input

The first line contains two integers $n$, $m(1 \leq n \leq 3000,1 \leq m \leq \min (5, n))$.
The second line contains $n$ integers $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{n}\left(1 \leq a_{i} \leq n\right)$.
The third line contains $m$ integers $b_{1}, b_{2}, \ldots, b_{m}\left(1 \leq b_{i} \leq m\right)$.

## Output

Output one integer: the answer.

## Examples

| standard input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | standard output |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 20 |
| 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |
| 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

