

## Problem K. Koolhash

Input file: `stdin`  
Output file: `stdout`  
Time limit: 2 seconds  
Memory limit: 256 MB

**tourist** has thought of a new hashing function to store administrator records, and he's enlisted you to help him build it! His hash function  $\phi(n)$  will output a single integer, and needs the following pieces of information:  $l$ ,  $r$ , and  $N$ , where  $l$  represents the leftmost bit of  $n$ ,  $r$  represents the rightmost bit of  $n$ , and  $N$  represents the number of 1-bits in  $n$ .

There aren't too many administrator records, so for now let's assume an unsigned 32-bit number system. Your job is to provide **tourist** with the three components of his hashing function given the number of records  $k$ , and the unique identifier of each record  $n$ . And yes, please forget about the absurdity of his hashing algorithm. Unfortunately, **tourist** has never taken a formal CS class.

### Input

The first line contains the number of records  $k$ ,  $1 \leq k \leq 500$ .

Each of the next  $k$  lines contains an integer representing a record identifier  $n$ ,  $0 \leq n < 2^{31}$ .

You can assume all inputs are given in decimal, and you need to convert them into 32-bits unsigned integers to get  $l$ ,  $r$  and  $N$  for each  $n$ .

### Output

On each line, print three space-separated integers for every input record, denoting the leftmost bit  $l$  of  $n$ , the rightmost bit  $r$  of  $n$ , and number of 1-bits  $N$  of  $n$ , respectively.

For further clarification, see the explanation provided for the first example below.

### Examples

stdin	stdout
1 8	0 0 1

  

stdin	stdout
3 45 68 23	0 1 4 0 0 2 0 1 4

### Explanation

For the first example, 8 is represented as `0x00000008` (written in hexadecimal for simplicity). Thus, the left most bit is 0, the right most bit is 0, and the number of 1-bits is 1.