

Problem F

Min Max Convert

Input File: standard input Output File: standard output Time Limit: 0.4 seconds (C/C++) Memory Limit: 256 megabytes

Let A be a sequence of N elements. You can perform two types of operations on this sequence:

- 1. Select an interval of positions $[a, b](1 \le a \le b \le N)$. Let x be the maximum value on this interval. Replace all the elements in the interval with x.
- 2. Select an interval of positions $[a,b](1 \le a \le b \le N)$. Let x be the minimum value on this interval. Replace all the elements in the interval with x.

Determine a sequence of operations such that sequence A becomes another given sequence B (of also N elements). The number of operations must be less or equal than 2 * N.

Input

The first line of the input contains a single number N. The second line contains A, a sequence of N elements. The third line contains B, another sequence of N elements.

Output

If there is **no solution** such that sequence *A* becomes *B*, print –1. Otherwise, print on the first line a single number *x*, the minimum number of operations needed to transform sequence *A* in *B*. Each of the next *x* lines will contain a character (the type of the operation: *m* if the operation use the minimum and *M* for the maximum) and an interval (a, b), describing the operations needed for the process. If there are multiple solutions, print any of them.

Constraints

- $1 \le N \le 100.000$
- All values in A and B are integer numbers from [1, N]

Sample input	Sample output
5	3
15534	m 1 2
1 1 4 4 4	M 4 5
	m 3 5
5	-1
1 2 3 4 4	
2 2 2 2 5	