# Problem E Imprecise Computer <br> Time Limit: 1 Second 

The Imprecise Computer (IC) is a computer with some structural issue that it can compare two integers correctly only when their difference is at least two. For example, IC can always correctly answer ' 4 is larger than 2 ', but it can answer either ' 2 is larger than 3 ' or ' 3 is larger than 2' (in this case, IC arbitrarily chooses one of them). For two integers $x$ and $y$, we say ' $x$ defeats $y$ ' when IC answers ' $x$ is larger than $y$ '.

Given a positive integer $n$, let $P_{n}=\{1,2, \ldots, n\}$ be the set of positive integers from 1 to $n$. Then we run a double round-robin tournament on $P_{n}$ using IC. The double-round-robin tournament is defined as follows:

1. The tournament is composed of two rounds (the $1^{\text {st }}$ round and the $2^{\text {nd }}$ round).
2. For each round, each element in $P_{n}$ is compared to every other element in $P_{n}$.

Now for each element $k$ in $P_{n}$, let $r_{i}(k)$ be the number of wins of $k$ in the $i$-th round of the tournament. We also define the 'difference sequence' $D=d_{1} d_{2} \ldots d_{n}$ where for each $1 \leq k \leq n, d_{k}=\left|r_{1}(k)-r_{2}(k)\right|$.

The following shows an example when $n=5$.

| $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ round |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 defeats 1 | 3 defeats 1 |
| 3 defeats 1 | 4 defeats 1 |
| 4 defeats 1 | 5 defeats 1 |
| 5 defeats 1 | 1 defeats 2 |
| 3 defeats 2 | 4 defeats 2 |
| 4 defeats 2 | 5 defeats 2 |
| 5 defeats 2 | 2 defeats 3 |
| 5 defeats 3 | 4 defeats 3 |
| 3 defeats 4 | 5 defeats 3 |
| 4 defeats 5 | 5 defeats 4 |

In the example above, $r_{1}(1)=0, r_{1}(2)=1, r_{1}(3)=3, r_{1}(4)=3, r_{1}(5)=3$, and $r_{2}(1)=1, r_{2}(2)=1$, $r_{2}(3)=1, r_{2}(4)=3, r_{2}(5)=4$. Therefore, the difference sequence is $D=10201$ in this example.

Given a sequence of $n$ nonnegative integers, write a program to decide whether the input sequence can be a difference sequence of $P_{n}$.

## Input

Your program is to read from standard input. The input starts with a line containing an integer $n$, $3 \leq n \leq$ $1,000,000$ ), where $n$ is the size of $P_{n}$. In the following line, a sequence of $n$ integers between 0 and $n$ is given, where each element in the sequence is separated by a single space.

## Output

Your program is to write to standard output. Print exactly one line. Print YES if the sequence can be the difference sequence of $P_{n}$, and print NO otherwise.

The following shows sample input and output for two test cases.
Sample Input 1
Output for the Sample Input 1

| 5 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |

## Sample Input 2

Output for the Sample Input 2
$\begin{array}{lllll}5 & & & \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0\end{array}$

