



## Problem G. Critical Vertex

| Input file:   | standard input  |
|---------------|-----------------|
| Output file:  | standard output |
| Time limit:   | 4 seconds       |
| Memory limit: | 1024 mebibytes  |

You are given a connected undirected graph G with N vertices and M edges where vertices are numbered from 1 to N and edges are numbered from 1 to M.

For each vertex v, if the graph is disconnected after the vertex v is removed, we call v a *critical* vertex. Note that the original connectedness of the graph does not matter.

For each  $i \ (1 \le i \le M)$ , please compute the number of critical vertices in G when edge i is removed. Note that the removal is only temporary, and **does not** affect other queries.

## Input

The first line contains two integers N and M  $(2 \le N \le 250\,000, 1 \le M \le 1\,000\,000)$ .

In the next M lines, edges of the graph will be given. The *i*-th line contains two integers  $x_i$  and  $y_i$ , denoting the edge *i* connecting vertex  $x_i$  and vertex  $y_i$   $(1 \le x_i, y_i \le N, x_i \ne y_i)$ . The graph **may have** multiple edges. The graph is connected.

## Output

Output M lines. On the *i*-th line, output a single integer denoting the number of critical vertices in G when edge i is removed.

## Example

| standard input | standard output |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 5 5            | 4               |
| 1 5            | 2               |
| 5 2            | 4               |
| 2 3            | 4               |
| 2 4            | 2               |
| 2 5            |                 |