

Problem A. Assimilation

Input file: *standard input*
 Output file: *standard output*
 Time limit: 1 second
 Memory limit: 512 mebibytes

An enlightened race of aliens plans to assimilate a star system, to help its inhabitants achieve perfection. They may resist, but – as you are all well aware – resistance is futile.

There are n planets in the system, inhabited by a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n people, respectively. Aliens start with k assimilation ships and are allowed to make any of the following moves:

- An *invasion* requires landing on a planet with some part of the fleet. The number of landing ships s must be greater or equal to the population m of the planet. After the invasion, these ships disappear, the planet is *conquered* and now has $m + s$ inhabitants.
- A *mobilization* creates, from a conquered planet, a number of new ships equal to the population of the planet. Every planet can be mobilized at most once.

For Aliens, invasions are easy and natural, but mobilizations turn out to be a bit tricky. Help them conquer all the planets in the system with minimal possible number of mobilizations.

Input

The first line of input contains the number of test cases z ($1 \leq z \leq 30$). The test cases follow, each one in the following format:

The first line of every test case contains two integers n and k ($1 \leq n \leq 200\,000$; $1 \leq k \leq 10^9$) – the number of planets, and the size of Aliens' initial fleet. The second line contains n integers a_1, \dots, a_n ($1 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$) – the populations of the respective planets.

The sum of n values over all test cases does not exceed 500 000.

Output

For every test case, output a single integer: the minimal number of mobilizations required to conquer all the planets. If such conquest is impossible, output -1 instead.

Example

standard input	standard output
4	2
3 15	-1
6 5 26	0
3 15	4
6 5 27	
2 1000000000	
500123123 497000000	
7 2	
6 2 4 1 9 3 12	