Problem G. Snake

Input file:	standard input
Output file:	standard output
Time limit:	1 second
Memory limit:	256 mebibytes

Snake is a polyline with n vertices (without self-intersections). Initially, the coordinates of the *i*-th vertex of Snake is (x_i, y_i) . Snake can move continuously by translation and rotation, but it can't change its shape (the lengths of the segments in the polyline and the angles between segments can't be changed). The line y = 0 is a wall, and there is a small hole at (0, 0). Determine whether Snake can pass though the hole. (Initially, all points on Snake satisfy y > 0. After the movement, all points on Snake should satisfy y < 0.)

Input

First line of the input contains one integer n ($2 \le n \le 1000$). Then n lines follow, i'th of them contains pair of integers x_i and y_i ($0 \le x_i \le 10^9$, $1 \le y_i \le 10^9$, $(x_i, y_i) \ne (x_{i+1}, y_{i+1})$). The polyline doesn't have self-intersections. No three points are on the same line.

Output

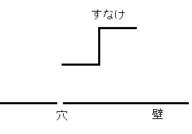
If Snake can pass though the hole, print "Possible". Otherwise print "Impossible".

Examples

standard input	standard output
4	Possible
0 1	
1 1	
1 2	
2 2	
11	Impossible
63 106	
87 143	
102 132	
115 169	
74 145	
41 177	
56 130	
28 141	
19 124	
0 156	
22 183	

Note

For the first example, solution may look in the next way:



- Move 1 to the -y direction.
- Rotate 90 degrees coounter-clockwise around the point (0,0).
- Move 1 to the -y direction.
- Rotate 90 degrees clockwise around the point (0,0).
- Move 1 to the -y direction.
- Rotate 90 degrees counter-clockwise around the point (0,0).
- Move 2 to the -y direction.