## Problem G

## Birthday Party

$N$ persons have been invited to a somewhat special birthday party. Each person brings one present, but the recipent of each present is determined randomly. A person never receives his own present, but all other persons are equally likely recipients. What is the probability that one can find $k$ persons at the party such that person 1 gives his present to person 2, person 2 gives his present to person 3 and so on to person $k$ which gives his present to person 1?

## Input specifications



The first line of the input consists of a single integer $T$, the number of test cases. Each test case consists of two integers $N$ and $k$.

## Output specifications

For each test case, output the probability with an accuracy of at least $10^{-6}$.

## Notes and Constraints

- $0<T \leq 30$
- $2 \leq N \leq 10000000$
- $2 \leq k \leq N$


## Sample input

## 4

221.000000000

32
33
103
0.750000000
0.250000000

Output for sample input
0.313469843

