# The 2009 ACM Asia Programming Contest Wuhan Site sponsored by IBM hosted by Wuhan University 

> Problem H
> Help Bubu
> Input: help.in

Bubu's bookshelf is in a mess! Help him!
There are $n$ books on his bookshelf. We define the mess value to be the number of segments of consecutive equal-height books. For example, if the book heights are $30,30,31,31,32$, the mess value is 3 , that of $30,32,32,31$ is also 3 , but the mess value of $31,32,31,32,31$ is 5 - it's indeed in a mess!

Bubu wants to reduce the mess value as much as possible, but he's a little bit tired, so he decided to take out at most $k$ books, then put them back somewhere in the shelf. Could you help him?

## Input

There will be at most 20 test cases. Each case begins with two positive integers $n$ and $k$ ( $1 \leq k \leq n \leq 100$ ), the total number of books, and the maximum number of books to take out. The next line contains $n$ integers, the heights of each book, from left to right. Each height is an integer between 25 and 32, inclusive. The last test case is followed by $n=k=0$, which should not be processed.

## Output

For each test case, print the case number and the minimal final mess value. Print a blank line after the output of each test case.

Sample Input
$\left.\begin{array}{llllll}5 & 2 & & & \\ 25 & 25 & 32 & 32 & 25 \\ 5 & 1 & & & \\ 25 & 26 & 25 & 26 & 25 \\ 0 & 0\end{array}\right]$

Output for the Sample Input
Case 1: 2
Case 2: 3

