I Antennas

TIME LIMIT: 4.0s Memory limit: 2048MB

There are n equidistant antennas on a line, numbered from 1 to n. Each antenna has a power rating, the power of the *i*-th antenna is p_i .

The *i*-th and the *j*-th antenna can communicate directly if and only if their distance is at most the minimum of their powers, i.e., $|i - j| \leq \min(p_i, p_j)$. Sending a message directly between two such antennas takes 1 second.

What is the minimum amount of time necessary to send a message from antenna a to antenna b, possibly using other antennas as relays?

INPUT

Each test contains multiple test cases. The first line contains an integer t $(1 \le t \le 100\,000)$ — the number of test cases. The descriptions of the t test cases follow.

The first line of each test case contains three integers n, a, b $(1 \le a, b \le n \le 200\,000)$ — the number of antennas, and the origin and target antenna.

The second line contains n integers p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_n $(1 \le p_i \le n)$ — the powers of the antennas.

The sum of the values of n over all test cases does not exceed 200 000.

OUTPUT

For each test case, print the number of seconds needed to trasmit a message from a to b. It can be shown that under the problem constraints, it is always possible to send such a message.

Sample input 1	Sample output 1
3	4
10 2 9	0
4 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 5	2
1 1 1	
1	
3 1 3	
3 3 1	

SAMPLES

Explanation of sample 1.

In the **first test case**, we must send a message from antenna 2 to antenna 9. A sequence of communications requiring 4 seconds, which is the minimum possible amount of time, is the following:

• In 1 second we send the message from antenna 2 to antenna 1. This is possible since $|2-1| \le \min(1,4) = \min(p_2,p_1)$.

- In 1 second we send the message from antenna 1 to antenna 5. This is possible since $|1-5| \le \min(4,5) = \min(p_1,p_5)$.
- In 1 second we send the message from antenna 5 to antenna 10. This is possible since $|5-10| \le \min(5,5) = \min(p_5, p_{10})$.
- In 1 second we send the message from antenna 10 to antenna 9. This is possible since $|10-9| \le \min(5,1) = \min(p_{10}, p_9)$.