## Problem B. Terrible Additive Number Theory Problem

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 1 second |
| Memory limit: | 256 mebibytes |

Define $P_{i}$ as the $i$-th prime.
Find the number of solutions $x$ such that $x=\prod_{i=l}^{r} P_{i}=2^{k} P_{r+1}-1$, where $l, r, k \in \mathbb{N}^{+}, 1 \leq l \leq r$, and $x \leq n$.

## Input

Input contains a single integer $n\left(1 \leq n \leq 10^{18}\right)$

## Output

Output a single integer, indicating the number of solutions less than or equal to $n$.

## Example

| standard input | standard output |
| :--- | :--- |
| 100 | 0 |

