

# Problem J

## Judging Moose

Problem ID: judgingmoose  
Time limit: 1 second

When determining the age of a bull moose, the number of tines (sharp points), extending from the main antlers, can be used. An older bull moose tends to have more tines than a younger moose. However, just counting the number of tines can be misleading, as a moose can break off the tines, for example when fighting with other moose. Therefore, a point system is used when describing the antlers of a bull moose.



Picture by Ryan Hagerty/US Fish and Wildlife Service, public domain

The point system works like this: If the number of tines on the left side and the right side match, the moose is said to have the even sum of the number of points. So, “an even 6-point moose”, would have three tines on each side.

If the moose has a different number of tines on the left and right side, the moose is said to have twice the highest number of tines, but it is odd. So “an odd 10-point moose” would have 5 tines on one side, and 4 or less tines on the other side.

Can you figure out how many points a moose has, given the number of tines on the left and right side?

### Input

The input contains a single line with two integers  $\ell$  and  $r$ , where  $0 \leq \ell \leq 20$  is the number of tines on the *left*, and  $0 \leq r \leq 20$  is the number of tines on the *right*.

### Output

Output a single line describing the moose. For even pointed moose, output “Even  $x$ ” where  $x$  is the points of the moose. For odd pointed moose, output “Odd  $x$ ” where  $x$  is the points of the moose. If the moose has no tines, output “Not a moose”

#### Sample Input 1

2 3

#### Sample Output 1

Odd 6

#### Sample Input 2

3 3

#### Sample Output 2

Even 6

#### Sample Input 3

0 0

#### Sample Output 3

Not a moose