## Problem I. Intervals

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 1 second |
| Memory limit: | 512 mebibytes |

bobo draws $n$ intervals on the axis, which are conveniently numbered by $1,2, \ldots, n$. As an excellent mathematician, he managed to set all $n$ intervals of length $10^{6}$.
Then bobo carefully computes $I_{i, j}$, the length of the intersection of intervals $i$ and $j$, and discards all intervals. However, bobo wants to check his calculations and he is eager to know whether the result can be correct.
In another word, determine if there exists $n$ intervals of length $10^{6}$ providing the same result.

## Input

The first line contains an integer $n(1 \leq n \leq 1000)$.
Each of the following $n$ lines contains $n$ integers $I_{i, 1}, I_{i, 2}, \ldots, I_{i, n}\left(0 \leq I_{i, j} \leq 10^{6}\right)$.
Since bobo knows math well, it is guaranteed that $I_{i, j}=I_{j, i}$ and $I_{i, i}=10^{6}$.

## Output

If for given $I_{i, j}$ it is possible to find at least one appropriate set of intervals, print "Yes". Otherwise, print "No".

## Examples

| standard input |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | Yes |
| 10000005000000 | standard output |
| 5000001000000500000 |  |
| 05000001000000 | No |
| 3 |  |
| 5000000500000500000 |  |
| 500001000000500000 |  |

