## Problem J. Power of XOR

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output

Time limit: 4.5 seconds Memory limit: 512 mebibytes

bobo has a set of n integers  $\{a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n\}$ . He randomly picks a subset  $\{x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_m\}$  (each subset has equal probability to be picked), and would like to know the expectation of  $[\operatorname{popcount}(x_1 \oplus x_2 \oplus \cdots \oplus x_m)]^k$ .

Note that popcount(x) is the number of ones in the binary notation of x, and  $\oplus$  denotes bitwise exclusive-or

## Input

The first line contains 2 integers  $n, k \ (1 \le n \le 44, 1 \le k \le 10^9)$ .

The second line contains n integers  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n \ (0 \le a_i < 2^{44})$ .

## Output

If the expectation is E, print a single integer denotes  $E \cdot 2^n \mod (10^9 + 7)$ .

## **Examples**

standard input	standard output
3 2	12
1 2 3	
2 1000000000	140625003
1 2	