## Problem H. Shortest Path in GCD Graph

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output

Time limit: 2.5 seconds Memory limit: 512 megabytes

There is an edge-weighted complete graph  $K_n$  with n vertices, where vertices are labeled through 1, 2, ..., n. For each  $1 \le i < j \le n$ , the weight of the edge (i, j) between i and j is gcd(i, j), the greatest common divisor of i and j.

You need to answer q queries. In each query, given two vertices u, v, you need to answer the **length of the shortest path** as well as the **number of shortest paths** between u, v. Since the **number of shortest paths** may be too large, you only need to output it modulo 998244353.

## Input

The first line contains two integers  $n, q(2 \le n \le 10^7, 1 \le q \le 50000)$ , denoting the number vertices in the graph and the number of queries, respectively.

Then q lines follow, where each line contains two integers  $u, v (1 \le u, v \le n, u \ne v)$ , denoting a query between u and v.

## Output

For each query, output one line contains two integers, denote the length and number of shortest path between given nodes, respectively. Note that only the **number of shortest paths** should be taken modulo 998244353.

## Example

standard input	standard output
6 2	1 1
4 5	2 2
3 6	