



Problem J. Melborp Lacissalc

Input file: *standard input*
Output file: *standard output*
Time limit: 2 seconds
Memory limit: 256 mebibytes

Grammy has a favorite number k . She thinks that all the numbers divisible by k are good.

For each array containing only numbers from 0 to $k - 1$, Grammy defines its *goodness* as the number of non-empty consecutive subarrays that sum to a good number.

Please count the number of arrays of length n such that their goodness is t . Since the answer can be enormous, output the answer modulo 998 244 353.

Input

A single line contains three integers n, k, t ($1 \leq n, k \leq 64, 0 \leq t \leq \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$).

Output

Output a single integer denoting the answer modulo 998 244 353.

Examples

standard input	standard output
2 5 1	12
7 10 15	2016
46 50 171	645560469