## Problem E. Smaller LCA

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 4 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 1024 mebibytes |

Grammy has a tree with vertices numbered from 1 to $n$. For each vertex as the root, she wants to know how many unordered pairs of points $(x, y)$ have their lowest common ancestor $z$ satisfy the inequality $z \leq x \cdot y$. Please count it for her.

## Input

The first line contains a single integer $n(1 \leq n \leq 300000)$, denoting the number of vertices of the tree.
Each of the next $n-1$ lines contains two integers $u_{i}$ and $v_{i}\left(1 \leq u_{i}, v_{i} \leq n\right)$, indicating that there is an edge between vertex $u_{i}$ and vertex $v_{i}$. It is guaranteed that the given graph is a tree.

## Output

Output $n$ lines. The $i$-th line must contain a single integer: the number of pairs satisfying the condition when vertex $i$ is the root.

## Example

|  | standard input |  | standard output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 15 |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 15 |  |
| 4 | 2 | 15 |  |
| 2 | 5 | 15 |  |
| 3 | 5 | 14 |  |

