



## Problem K. Symmetry: Convex

Input file:	standard input
Output file:	standard output
Time limit:	2 seconds
Memory limit:	256 mebibytes

Given is a strictly convex polygon with n vertices  $p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_n$  in counterclockwise. Denote  $C_i$  as the polygon with i vertices  $p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_i$ . For each  $i = 3, 4, \ldots, n$ , find the lines which  $C_i$  is symmetric about.

## Input

There are multiple test cases. The first line of input contains an integer T  $(1 \le T \le 10^5)$ , the number of test cases. For each test case:

The first line contains an integer  $n \ (3 \le n \le 3 \cdot 10^5)$ , the number of vertices.

The *i*-th of the following *n* lines contains two integers  $x_i$ ,  $y_i$   $(-10^9 \le x_i, y_i \le 10^9)$ , the coordinates of  $p_i$ .

It is guaranteed that the vertices are given counterclockwise, and the polygon is strictly convex, that is, no three vertices are collinear.

It is guaranteed that the sum of n in all test cases does not exceed  $3 \cdot 10^5$ .

## Output

For each test case:

For each i = 3, 4, ..., n, on the first line, output an integer k: the number of lines which  $C_i$  is symmetric about.

In each of the following k lines, output three integers a, b, c  $(-2 \cdot 10^{18} \le a, b, c \le 2 \cdot 10^{18})$ , denoting that  $C_i$  is symmetric about the line ax + by + c = 0.

If there are multiple answers, you can output any of them. For each i, you can output the lines in any order.

standard input	standard output
3	1
4	1 1 -1
0 0	4
1 0	1 -1 0
1 1	0 2 -1
0 1	2 0 -1
3	1 1 -1
0 0	0
3 0	1
1 1	1 1 0
4	4
-100000000 -100000000	1 -1 0
100000000 -100000000	0 1 0
100000000 100000000	100
-100000000 100000000	1 1 0

## Example