



# Problem G. Battleship: New Rules

Input file:	standard input
Output file:	standard output
Time limit:	1 second
Memory limit:	512 mebibytes

#### This is an interactive problem.

Ivan came up with new rules for the battleship game!

- The game will be played on an  $n \times n$  board.
- The first player chooses an integer  $k \ (n \le k \le \left\lceil \frac{n}{2} \right\rceil^2)$ .
- After that, the first player places k ships on the board so that the number of cells occupied by the ships is the maximum possible (among all valid placements of k ships of any sizes).
- Each ship should be a rectangle of size  $1 \times a$  or  $a \times 1$  (a is any integer from 1 to n inclusive). Any two ships should not have neighbouring cells (by side or by corner).

After that, the second player starts his game.

- The second player knows only the size of the board n.
- The second player can ask a query: is cell (x, y) occupied by some ship?
- The second player should find any empty  $2 \times 2$  square on the board, or say that there are no such squares.

The second player can ask at most 6n queries. Please play as the second player and win the game!

# Interaction Protocol

The first line contains a single integer t  $(1 \le t \le 100)$  — the number of games to be played. You should play t games and finish interaction after that.

At the start of the game, you are given a single integer  $n \ (3 \le n \le 1000)$  — the size of the board.

After that, you can ask some queries. To ask a query, print a single line "? x y"  $(1 \le x, y \le n)$  — the coordinates of the cell. You will be given an answer c:

- If c = -1, you made too many queries. You should terminate your program.
- If c = 0, the cell (x, y) is empty.
- If c = 1, the cell (x, y) is occupied by some ship.

To finish the game, print a single line "! x y", where:

- x = -1, y = -1 if there are no empty  $2 \times 2$  squares on the board.
- Otherwise,  $1 \le x, y \le n-1$  and the square with cells (x, y), (x + 1, y), (x, y + 1), (x + 1, y + 1) is empty.

If your answer is incorrect, you will be given a line with value -1, and you should terminate your program. Otherwise, you will be given a line with value 1, and you should play the next game (or finish your program if it was the last game).





It is guaranteed that the sum of n for all games does not exceed 5000.

It is guaranteed that the board in each game is fixed, and the interactor is not adaptive.

Your solution will get Idleness Limit Exceeded if you don't print anything or forget to flush the output.

### Example

standard input	standard output
2	
3	
	? 2 1
0	
	! -1 -1
1	
4	
	? 1 3
0	2.4.2
1	! 4 3
	1 2 2
1	
-	

## Note

Boards from the first test are shown on pictures below. Rows correspond to x coordinates, columns correspond to y coordinates.



In the first game, there are no empty  $2 \times 2$  squares on the board.

In the second game, there is exactly one empty  $2\times 2$  square on the board.