## Problem K. All Pair Maximum Flow

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 6 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 256 mebibytes |

You are given an undirected graph. You want to compute the maximum flow from each vertex to every other vertex.
The graph is special. You can regard it as a convex polygon with $n$ points (vertices) and some line segments (edges) connecting them. The vertices are labeled from 1 to $n$ in the clockwise order. The line segments can only intersect each other at the vertices.
Each edge has a capacity constraint.
Denote the maximum flow from $s$ to $t$ by $f(s, t)$. Output $\left(\sum_{s=1}^{n} \sum_{t=s+1}^{n} f(s, t)\right) \bmod 998244353$.

## Input

The first line contains two integers $n$ and $m$, representing the number of vertices and edges ( $3 \leq n \leq 200000, n \leq m \leq 400000$ ).
Each of the next $m$ lines contains three integers $u, v, w$ denoting the two endpoints of an edge and its capacity ( $1 \leq u, v \leq n, 0 \leq w \leq 1000000000$ ).
It is guaranteed there are no multiple edges and self-loops.
It is guaranteed that there is an edge between vertex $i$ and vertex $(i \bmod n)+1$ for all $i=1,2, \ldots, n$.

## Output

Output the answer in one line.

## Example

|  | standard input |  | standard output |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 8 |  | 12343461 |  |
| 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  |
| 2 | 3 | 10 |  |  |
| 3 | 4 | 100 |  |  |
| 4 | 5 | 1000 |  |  |
| 5 | 6 | 10000 |  |  |
| 6 | 1 | 100000 |  |  |
| 1 | 4 | 1000000 |  |  |
| 1 | 5 | 10000000 |  |  |

