## Problem A. Amazing Trick

Time limit: $\quad 3$ seconds
Memory limit: 1024 megabytes
Alice is a magician and she creates a new trick. She has $n$ cards with different numbers from 1 to $n$ written on them. First, she asks an audience member to shuffle the deck and put cards in a row. Let's say the $i$-th card from the left has the number $a_{i}$ on it.

Then Alice picks two permutations $p$ and $q$. There is a restriction on $p$ and $q$ - permutations can't have fixed points. Which means $\forall i: p_{i} \neq i$ and $q_{i} \neq i$.
After permutations are chosen, Alice shuffles the cards according to them. Now the $i$-th card from the left is the card $a[p[q[i]]$. The trick is considered successful if $i$-th card from the left has the number $i$ on it after the shuffles.
Help Alice pick the permutations $p$ and $q$ or say it is not possible for the specific starting permutation $a$.

## Input

The first line of the input contains the number of tests $t\left(1 \leq t \leq 10^{5}\right)$.
Each test is described in two lines. The first line contains one integer $n$ - the number of cards $\left(1 \leq n \leq 10^{5}\right)$. The second line contains $n$ integers $a_{i}$ - the initial permutation of the cards ( $1 \leq a_{i} \leq n$; $\forall i \neq j: a_{i} \neq a_{j}$ ).
It is guaranteed that the sum of $n$ over all tests does not exceed $10^{5}$.

## Output

Print the answer for each test case in the same order the cases appear in the input.
For each test case, print "Impossible" in a single line, if no solution exists.
Otherwise, print "Possible" in the first line, and in the following two lines print permutations $p$ and $q$.

## Example

| standard input | standard output |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Impossible |
| 2 | Possible |
| 21 | 312 |
| 3 | 231 |
| 123 | Possible |
| 4 | 3421 |
| 2143 | 3421 |
| 5 | Possible |
| 51423 | 41253 |
|  | 31452 |

