# Fading Wind Problem ID: fadingwind <br> Time limit: 1 second 

You're competing in an outdoor paper airplane flying contest, and you want to predict how far your paper airplane will fly. Your design has a fixed factor $k$, such that if the airplane's velocity is at least $k$, it will rise. If its velocity is less than $k$ it will descend.

Here is how your paper airplane will fly:

- You start by throwing your paper airplane with a horizontal velocity of $v$ at a height of $h$. There is an external wind blowing with a strength of $s$.
- While $h>0$, repeat the following sequence:
- Increase $v$ by $s$. Then, decrease $v$ by $\max \left(1,\left\lfloor\frac{v}{10}\right\rfloor\right)$. Note that $\left\lfloor\frac{v}{10}\right\rfloor$ is the value of $\frac{v}{10}$, rounded down to the nearest integer if it is not an integer.
- If $v \geq k$, increase $h$ by one.
- If $0<v<k$, decrease $h$ by one. If $h$ is zero after the decrease, set $v$ to zero.
- If $v \leq 0$, set $h$ to zero and $v$ to zero.
- Your airplane now travels horizontally by $v$ units.
- If $s>0$, decrease it by 1 .

Compute how far the paper airplane travels horizontally.

## Input

The single line of input contains four integers $h, k, v$, and $s\left(1 \leq h, k, v, s \leq 10^{3}\right)$, where $h$ is your starting height, $k$ is your fixed factor, $v$ is your starting velocity, and $s$ is the strength of the wind.

## Output

Output a single integer, which is the distance your airplane travels horizontally. It can be shown that this distance is always an integer.

| Sample Input 1 | Sample Output 1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{lllll}1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$ | 1 |
| Sample Input 2 | Sample Output 2 |
| 2222 | 9 |
| Sample Input 3 | Sample Output 3 |
| $\begin{array}{lllll}1 & 2 & 3\end{array}$ | 68 |
| Sample Input 4 | Sample Output 4 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}314 & 159 \\ 265 & 358\end{array}$ | 581062 |

