## Problem I. MEXimum Spanning Tree

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 2 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 256 megabytes |

Maximum spanning tree is a classical problem in computer science. One day, Grammy came out with a brand new variation of this problem. She wants to find a spanning tree of a weighted graph such that the MEX of the edge weights on the spanning tree is maximized.
The MEX(Minimum EXcluded natrual number) of a set is the minimum natrual number which does not appear in the set. For example, $\operatorname{MEX}(\{0,2,4,5,7\})=1, \operatorname{MEX}(\{0,1,2,3,6\})=4, \operatorname{MEX}(\{3\})=0$.
Please help Grammy to solve this problem.

## Input

The first line contains two integers $n$, $m(1 \leq n \leq 1000,0 \leq m \leq 1000)$, denoting the number of vertices and the number of edges.
In each of the following $m$ lines, there are three integers $u_{i}, v_{i}, w_{i}\left(1 \leq u_{i}, v_{i} \leq n, u_{i} \neq v_{i}, 0 \leq w_{i} \leq n\right)$, denoting that there is an edge from vertex $u_{i}$ to vertex $v_{i}$ with weight $w_{i}$.
It is guaranteed that the graph is connected.

## Output

Output one integer, denoting the maximum MEX of the spanning tree.

## Example

|  |  | standard input |  | standard output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 4 |  | 3 |  |
| 1 | 2 | 0 |  |  |
| 2 | 3 | 1 |  |  |
| 1 | 3 | 1 |  |  |
| 3 | 4 | 2 |  |  |

