# Problem A. 0689

Input file:	standard input
Output file:	standard output
Time limit:	1 second
Memory limit:	256 megabytes

We call a string as a 0689-string if this string only consists of digits '0', '6', '8' and '9'. Given a 0689-string s of length n, one **must** do the following operation exactly once: select a non-empty substring of s and rotate it 180 degrees.

More formally, let  $s_i$  be the *i*-th character in string *s*. After rotating the substring starting from  $s_l$  and ending at  $s_r$  180 degrees  $(1 \le l \le r \le n)$ , string *s* will become string *t* of length *n* extracted from the following equation, where  $t_i$  indicates the *i*-th character in string *t*:

$$t_{i} = \begin{cases} s_{i} & \text{if } 1 \leq i < l \text{ or } r < i \leq n \\ 0^{\circ} & \text{if } l \leq i \leq r \text{ and } s_{l+r-i} = 0^{\circ} \\ 6^{\circ} & \text{if } l \leq i \leq r \text{ and } s_{l+r-i} = 9^{\circ} \\ 8^{\circ} & \text{if } l \leq i \leq r \text{ and } s_{l+r-i} = 8^{\circ} \\ 9^{\circ} & \text{if } l \leq i \leq r \text{ and } s_{l+r-i} = 6^{\circ} \end{cases}$$

What's the number of different strings one can get after the operation?

#### Input

There are multiple test cases. The first line of the input contains an integer T, indicating the number of test cases. For each test case:

The first and only line contains a 0689-string s  $(1 \le |s| \le 10^6)$ .

It's guaranteed that the sum of |s| of all test cases will not exceed  $10^7$ .

### Output

For each test case output one line containing one integer, indicating the number of different strings one can get after applying the operation exactly once.

## Example

standard output
8
2

## Note

We hereby explain the first sample test case.

Substring	Result	Substring	$\mathbf{Result}$
0	0689	68	0899
6	0989	89	0668
8	0689	068	8909
9	0686	689	0689
06	9089	0689	6890

It's easy to discover that we can get 8 different strings after the operation.