

## Problem L. Noblesse Code

Input file:            **standard input**  
 Output file:        **standard output**  
 Time limit:         10 seconds  
 Memory limit:      512 megabytes

You will be given  $n$  noblesse code pairs  $(a_1, b_1), (a_2, b_2), \dots, (a_n, b_n)$  and  $q$  queries. In each query, you will be given a pair  $(A, B)$ , you need to figure out how many noblesse code pairs can be transformed from the given pair  $(A, B)$ . Every time you can transform the current pair  $(A, B)$  into  $(A + B, B)$  or  $(A, A + B)$ . You can do the transform operation for arbitrary times (or do nothing).

### Input

The first line contains a single integer  $T$  ( $1 \leq T \leq 100$ ), the number of test cases. For each test case:

The first line of the input contains two integers  $n$  and  $q$  ( $1 \leq n, q \leq 50\,000$ ), denoting the number of noblesse code pairs and the number of queries.

In the next  $n$  lines, the  $i$ -th line contains two integers  $a_i$  and  $b_i$  ( $1 \leq a_i, b_i \leq 10^{18}$ ), describing the  $i$ -th noblesse code pair.

In the next  $q$  lines, the  $i$ -th line contains two integers  $A$  and  $B$  ( $1 \leq A, B \leq 10^{18}$ ), describing the pair in the  $i$ -th query.

It is guaranteed that the sum of all  $n$  is at most 500 000, and the sum of all  $q$  is at most 500 000.

### Output

For each query, print a single line containing an integer, denoting the number of noblesse code pairs that can be transformed from the given pair. Note that two noblesse code pairs  $(a_i, b_i), (a_j, b_j)$  are considered to be different if and only if  $i \neq j$ .

### Example

standard input	standard output
2	1
3 4	0
6 9	1
5 3	1
1 1	2
6 3	2
1 2	
2 1	
5 3	
2 2	
7 14	
7 14	
7 7	
7 14	