## Problem C. Simple Set Problem

Time limit: 3 seconds
Memory limit: 256 Megabytes
Given $k$ non empty multiple sets, each multiple set only contains integers with absolute values not exceeding $10^{9}$.
It is required to select exactly one number from each multiple set to form an array $\left(a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{k}\right)$ with a length of $k$.
Assuming $d=\max \left(a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{k}\right)-\min \left(a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{k}\right)$.Please calculate the minimum $d$.

## Input

Each test contains multiple test cases. The first line of input contains a single integer $t(1 \leq t \leq$ $\left.10^{6}\right)$-_the number of test cases. The description of test cases follows.
The first line of each test case contains a single integer $k\left(1 \leq k \leq 10^{6}\right)$ - the number of multiple sets.
The following $k$ lines of each test case first read in a parameter $c_{i}$ _— indicating the size of the $i$-th multiple set, followed by $c_{i}$ integers with absolute values not exceeding $10^{9}$ __ indicating the elements of the $i$-th multiple set.
Guarantee that $\sum_{i=1}^{k} c_{i}$ for each test case does not exceed $10^{6}$, the sum of $\sum_{i=1}^{k} c_{i}$ for all test cases does not exceed $4 \times 10^{6}$.

## Output

For each testcase, output an integer representing the answer, which is the minimum $d$.

## Example

| standard input | standard output |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 1 |
| 2 | 15 |
| 16 | 0 |
| $3-7710$ |  |
| 4 |  |
| $9-5-92854338$ |  |
| 2108 |  |
| $1-7$ |  |
| 31610 |  |
| 1 |  |
| 19 |  |

