## Cut the Plane

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 2 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 1024 megabytes |

There are $n$ distinct points on the plane, any three of which are not colinear.
You are asked to use $\left\lceil\frac{n}{2}\right\rceil$ distinct lines passing through no given points to cut the plane into pieces such that no two given points lie in the same piece.

## Input

There are multiple test cases. The first line of the input contains an integer $T$, indicating the number of test cases. For each test case:
The first line contains an integer $n(1 \leq n \leq 100)$ - the number of points.
Each of the following $n$ lines contains two integers $x$ and $y(-1000 \leq x, y \leq 1000)$ describing a point on the plane.
It is guaranteed that there always exists a solution for each test case and the sum of $n$ in all test cases will not exceed $10^{5}$.

## Output

For each test case, output $\left\lceil\frac{n}{2}\right\rceil$ lines describing a solution.
Each line contains four integers $x_{1}, y_{1}, x_{2}$ and $y_{2}$ representing a line passing through $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ and $\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)$, where $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right) \neq\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)$ and the absolute value of each coordinate should not exceed $10^{9}$.

## Example

| standard input | standard output |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 1011 |
| 3 | 3031 |
| 00 | 0022 |
| 21 | 2002 |
| 40 |  |
| 4 |  |
| 01 |  |
| 10 |  |
| 21 |  |
| 12 |  |

