## Triple

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 2 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 256 megabytes |

There is a tree with $n$ vertices. Vertices are numbered from 1 to $n$. The length of each edge is 1 . Let $S$ be the set $\{(A, B, C): \operatorname{dis}(A, B) \leq \max \{\operatorname{dis}(A, C), \operatorname{dis}(B, C)\}, 1 \leq A, B, C \leq n, A \neq B, A \neq C, B \neq C\}$, where $\operatorname{dis}(A, B)$ means the length of the shortest path from vertex $A$ to vertex $B$. So what's the size of $S$ ?

## Input

The input contains multiple test cases. For each test case:
The first line contains an integer $n(3 \leq n \leq 100000)$ - the number of vertices.
Each of the next $n-1$ lines contains two integers $u_{i}$ and $v_{i}\left(1 \leq u_{i}, v_{i} \leq n, u_{i} \neq v_{i}\right)$, which means there is an edge between vertex $u_{i}$ and $v_{i}$.
The sum of values of $n$ in all test cases doesn't exceed 100000 .

## Output

For each test case, output an integer denoting the size of $S$.

## Examples

|  | standard input |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 |  | 4 |
| 1 | 2 | 18 |
| 2 | 3 | standard output |
| 4 |  |  |
| 1 | 2 |  |
| 2 | 3 |  |
| 2 | 4 |  |

