## Problem A. Line Counting

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 2 seconds |
| Memory limit: | 512 mebibytes |

Bobo has a set $P$ of $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ points: $\{(x, y): 1 \leq x \leq y \leq n, x, y \in \mathbb{Z}\}$. He would like to know the number of distinct lines passing through at least two points in $P$, taken modulo $\left(10^{9}+7\right)$.

## Input

The input contains zero or more test cases, and is terminated by end-of-file.
Each test case is a single line containing an integer $n\left(2 \leq n \leq 2 \cdot 10^{9}\right)$.
It is guaranteed that the number of test cases does not exceed $10^{5}$, and the sum of all $n$ does not exceed $2 \cdot 10^{9}$.

## Output

For each test case, output an integer which denotes the number of distinct lines.

## Example

| standard input | standard output |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 3 |  |
| 3 | 9 | 9 |

